

Journal of Addictive Behaviours and Therapy

Open access Opinion

Adolescents and Substance Use: Trends and Interventions

Shen Hu*

Department of Psychology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China

INTRODUCTION

During this period, many adolescents experiment with substances, including alcohol, marijuana, and illicit drugs. Understanding the trends in adolescent substance use and implementing effective interventions are crucial for promoting healthier choices and reducing the long-term consequences associated with substance use disorders. Recent studies indicate that adolescent substance use has shown both concerning trends and some positive shifts. According to the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA), while the overall use of substances such as alcohol and cigarettes has declined among adolescents in recent years, the prevalence of marijuana use remains a significant concern. With the increasing legalization of marijuana in several states, its perceived risk has decreased, leading to higher rates of use among teenagers. Moreover, the COVID-19 pandemic has further complicated the landscape of adolescent substance use. Isolation, increased stress, and disruptions to daily routines have led some young people to turn to substances as a coping mechanism. Research indicates that during the pandemic, many adolescents reported increased substance use, highlighting the need for targeted interventions to address this issue.

DESCRIPTION

Several factors contribute to adolescent substance use, including peer influence, family dynamics, mental health issues, and environmental factors. Adolescents are particularly susceptible to peer pressure, often seeking acceptance and validation from their social circles. Family relationships also play a critical role; supportive and communicative families can help mitigate the risk of substance use, while dysfunctional family environments may increase vulnerability. Mental health conditions such as anxiety and depression can also elevate the risk of substance use among adolescents. Many young people turn to substances as a form of self-medication, seeking relief from their emotional pain. Addressing these underlying mental health issues is essential for effective prevention and

intervention strategies. Implementing educational programs that provide accurate information about the risks associated with substance use is crucial. Schools can incorporate substance use prevention curricula into health education classes to inform students about the dangers of drug and alcohol use. Involving families in prevention efforts can significantly impact adolescent behavior. Programs that educate parents about the signs of substance use and promote open communication can empower families to create supportive environments. Schools can implement evidence-based programs that focus on building life skills, enhancing resilience, and promoting healthy decision-making. These programs can help adolescents develop coping strategies and resist peer pressure. Providing accessible mental health resources is essential in addressing the underlying issues that may lead to substance use. Schools and communities should prioritize the availability of counseling services to support adolescents struggling with mental health challenges. Community-based initiatives can create a network of support for adolescents. Engaging local organizations in prevention efforts can help foster positive environments that discourage substance use.

CONCLUSION

Adolescent substance use remains a significant public health concern, with evolving trends that require adaptive interventions. By understanding the factors influencing substance use and implementing comprehensive prevention strategies, we can empower adolescents to make healthier choices and reduce the risk of substance use disorders. Collaborative efforts involving families, schools, and communities will be essential in creating supportive environments that promote resilience and well-being among young people. With targeted interventions and a focus on education and support, we can pave the way for a healthier future for our adolescents. Policymakers should advocate for regulations that limit access to substances, such as raising the legal age for alcohol purchase and implementing stricter regulations on vaping products. These measures can help reduce availability and promote healthier choices.

Received: 02-September-2024 Manuscript No: ipjabt-24-21656 Editor assigned: 04-September-2024 **PreQC No:** ipjabt-24-21656 (PQ) **Reviewed:** 18-September-2024 QC No: ipjabt-24-21656 **Revised:** 23-September-2024 Manuscript No: ipjabt-24-21656 (R) **Published:** 30-September-2024 DOI: 10.35841/ipjabt-8.3.28

Corresponding author Shen Hu, Department of Psychology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China, E-mail: shenu@email.com

Citation Hu S (2024) Adolescents and Substance Use: Trends and Interventions. J Addict Behav Ther. 8:28.

Copyright © 2024 Hu S. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.